IN THE CLAIMS

Amendments to the claims:

The following claim listing replaces all prior listings and versions of the claims:

LISTING OF CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) A hydraulic machine which can exchange hydraulic fluid

pressure with rotational motion of an output means, the hydraulic machine having a radial

arrangement of a plurality of piston and a cylinder assemblies about at least one crankshaft

coupled to the output means, the cylinder and piston assemblies being longitudinally spaced

along the crankshaft; and means for varying the eccentricity of the crankshaft to cause the stroke

length of the pistons to be varied between zero and the maximum length of the stroke.

2. (Currently amended) The hydraulic machine according to claim 1, wherein each

piston is connected to the crankshaft by a connecting road with a spherical bearing disposed

between the connecting rod and the countershaft crankshaft and the connecting end.

3. (Cancelled).

4. The hydraulic machine according to either claim 1 or 2 [[3]] wherein the means

for varying the eccentricity of the crankshaft is located at each end of the crankshaft and

includes:

an inner cylinder with a hollow eccentric cylindrical core within which the respective

crankshaft is received such that the longitudinal axes of the inner cylinder and crankshaft are

parallel and offset;

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an outer cylinder with a hollow eccentric cylindrical core within which the inner cylinder is received such that longitudinal axes of the outer cylinder and inner cylinder are parallel and offset;

a cylindrical main bearing with a concentric hollow cylindrical core within which the outer cylinder is received; and

a drive means, wherein the drive means can be operated to simultaneously rotate the outer and inner cylinders to change the distance between the longitudinal axes of the man bearing and the crankshaft at both ends of the respective crankshaft.

5. (Original) The hydraulic machine according to claim 4 wherein the drive means includes, at each end of the crankshaft:

a ring gear with teeth on both the inner and outer surfaces of the ring;

a set of teeth around an end portion of each of the inner and outer cylinders; and
a gear train to transfer rotation from the ring gear to the inner and outer cylinders,
wherein the ring gear is supported by the respective main bearing, and the main bearing has a cut

6. (Currently amended) the hydraulic machine according to claim 5 wherein the main bearings have teeth on the outer surface, and the ring gears are disposed next to the teeth on the respective man bearing, and the drive mans further includes:

out portion through which the gear train extends to engage the ring gear.

a shaft with a helix formed on the shaft surface and pinion gears which engage the teeth on each of the main bearings such that the shaft rotates with the main bearings;

at least one nut with an internal helix which engages the helix on the shaft and at least one projection which is radial with respect to the shaft;

at least one hollow cylindrical outer sheath through which the shaft extends, the at least one <u>outer</u> sheath having two thin <u>pinning pinion</u> gears at each end <u>thereof of the outer sheath</u>, wherein each thin pinion gear engages a ring gear of the drive means, the at least one outer sheath having at least one longitudinal slot through which the at least on projection extends.

- 7. (Original) The hydraulic machine according to claim 6 wherein the drive means is operated by moving the nut longitudinally along the shaft, and the outer sheath can be rotated with respect to the shaft.
- 8. (Original) The hydraulic machine according to claim 7 wherein moving the nut longitudinally advances or retards the ring gears with respect to the main bearing.
- 9. (Original) The hydraulic machine according to claim 8 wherein both the inner and outer cylinders having a counter weight.
- 10. (Currently amended) The hydraulic machine according to any one of the preceding claims either claim 1 or 2 including at least one lay shaft having, for each of the main bearings, a pinion gear to engage the teeth on the respective main bearing, whereby the torque applied to each of the main bearings is transferred through the at least one lay shaft rather than being transferred to the crankshaft.
- 11. (Currently amended) The hydraulic machine according to any one of the preceding claims claim 1 wherein the hydraulic eylinder and piston piston and cylinder assemblies are supported by the housing such that the hydraulic piston and cylinder assemblies can oscillate as the respective crankshaft rotates.

- 12. (Original) The hydraulic machine according to claim 11 wherein the head of each hydraulic piston and cylinder assembly is supported between a pair of thrust blocks which are supported by the housing.
- 13. (Currently amended) The hydraulic machine according to claim 12 wherein the heads of the hydraulic piston and cylinder assemblies have, at least partially, a spherical shape.
- 14. (Currently amended) The hydraulic machine according to claim 13 or 17 wherein each pair of thrust blocks has a complementary shape to the heads of the hydraulic cylinders of the hydraulic piston and cylinder assemblies.
- 15. (Currently amended) The hydraulic machine according to any one of the preceding claims either claim 1 or 2 wherein the hydraulic eylinder and piston piston and cylinder assemblies are attached to the crankshaft with the same angle therebetween.
- 16. (Currently amended) the hydraulic machine according to any one of the preceding claims claim 15 wherein there are five hydraulic piston and cylinder-and piston assemblies disposed at 72° intervals about the crankshaft.
- 17. (New) The hydraulic machine according to claim 11 wherein the heads of the hydraulic piston and cylinder assemblies have a partially spherical shape.